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Visible Photoluminescence of Porous SiGe Obtained by Stain 1 (tching, A, KS) (NDZOV, R.W. FATHAUER, 'J', G) (ORGE, W.T. PIKE, R.P. VASQUEZ, Jet Propulsion Laboratory (California Institute of Technology) and A.J. TAYLOR, RensselaerPolytechnic---We have investigated visible photoluminescence (PL) from thin porous Si_{1-x}Ge_x alloy layers prepared by stain etching, from the molecular beam epitaxy grown material. Seven samples with nominal Ge fraction x varying form 0.03 to 0.60 were studied at room temperature and 80 K, Samples of bulk stain etched Si and Ge were also investigated. The composition of the potous material was determined using X-ray photoemission spectroscopy and Rutherford backseat t ering techniques. While the PL intensity drops significantly with increasing Ge fraction, we observe no significant variations in the 1'1, wavelength with composition x at room temperature. This is clearly in cent radiction with the popular model based on quantum confinement in crystalline silicon which predicts the luminescence energy varying in agreement with the band gap of the starting material. On the other hand, the compositional dependence of the 1'1, intensity is consistent with small units containing only a few Si atoms being responsible for the light mission, 'his work has been supported by S1)01/1 S'1'.

Prefer standard session

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